

Acts 2 Tongues

What:

Acts 2:3 - Divided tongues-as of fire *came to all*.

Result:

- Acts 2:4 - Filled with the Spirit
- Began to speak with other tongues as the Spirit gave them utterances (prophesying). SPEAKING FOR GOD BY GOD.
- Acts 2:8 - The speaking was *understood* by 16 geographical areas and groups of people.
- The crowd was made up of Jews and proselytes

Conclusions and Contrasts:

- Acts 2:8 - All understood. The speaking was understood by 16 geographical areas and groups of people.
- Acts 2:4 - Speaking to humans for God by God
- Acts 2:4 - All there were filled with the Spirit.
- Partially used for some to enter into the Body of Christ.

I Corinthians 12, 13 and 14 Tongues

What:

- I Cor. 12:4-7 - Diversities of gifts. Differences in ministry.
- I Cor. 12:8 - for to one is given*different kinds* of tongues (emphasis mine).
... to another the interpretation of tongues.
- I Cor. 12: 28 - Varieties of tongues.
- I Cor. 12:30 - Do all speak in tongues? Rhetorical. No .

Result:

- I Cor. 13:1 - Though I speak with the tongues of men *and of angels* (emphasis mine).

Conclusions and Contrasts:

- I Cor. 14:1, 2 - No one understands without interpretation. "For he who speaks in a tongue does not speak to men but to God, for no one understands him; however, in the spirit he speaks mysteries."
- I Cor. 14:4 - "He who speaks in a tongue edifies himself." The tongue in of I Cor. Is contrasted with speaking that is understood and benefits all believers who hear.
- I Cor. 14:5 - This tongue needed interpretation. What a contrast with Acts 2!
- 6 But now, brethren, if I come to you speaking with tongues, what shall I profit you ...
- I Cor. 14:9 - So likewise you, unless you utter by the tongue words easy to understand, how will it be known what is spoken? For you will be speaking into the air.